

## DIURNAL OXYGEN VARIATIONS AND OXYGEN CONSUMPTION OF PENAEUS MONODON WITH COMPARISON OF TEMPERATURE, PH AND TURBIDITY IN CULTURE POND

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## ABSTRACT

Dissolved oxygen levels and variations have been monitored in culture pond stocked with P. monodon. Experiments were conducted on diurnal variations of oxygen consumption, temperature, pH, turbidity, growth and biomass. In the experimental culture pond the lowest oxygen was recorded in early morning is  $2.08\pm0.183$ mg/lit and night (12 AM) is  $4.73\pm0.295$ mg/lit at 124 to 128 days of culture period. The lowest water temperature was recorded in early morning is  $19.7^{\circ}$ C and evening (6PM) is  $23.5^{\circ}$ C at 130 days culture period. The lowest pH was recorded in early morning is 7.4 and evening 7.6 at 124 to 128 days. The lowest transparency/turbidity was recorded in early morning is 37.5 cm, and evening is 25.5 cms. The Pearson Correlation Coefficient of individual body weight and total biomass of R value is +1. This is a strong positive correlation, which means that high X variable scores go with high Y variable scores. The P-Value is <.00001hence the result is significant at p < .05. The F value of temperature, pH and turbidity is a value on the F distribution to determine the test is statistically significant in culture ponds.

**KEYWORDS:** Pearson Correlation Coefficient, Oxygen Consumption, Temperature, pH, Turbidity, Culture Pond, Estuary

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